

Immigrants Make TX-9 Stronger

*An estimated **265,000** immigrants live in TX-9, making up **31%** of the total population.*

*Immigrants live in **43%** of households in TX-9.*

Immigrants contribute to every sector of TX-9's economy. Some 39% of TX-9's labor force are immigrants, including 69% of the construction industry, 26% of agriculture, 40% of manufacturing, 39% of business services, and 39% of leisure and hospitality.

About 12,000 immigrants in TX-9 work in STEM-related jobs, of which 21% are temporary immigrants on H-1B and other temporary work visas. In all, 48% of STEM degree holders in TX-9 are immigrants.

Immigrants of all backgrounds boost TX-9's communities. Some 92,000 immigrants, or about 35% of all immigrants in TX-9, are U.S. citizens. About 49,000 are lawful permanent residents, and 11,000 are temporary immigrants (including nonimmigrant visa holders and international students).

An estimated 24% of individuals in TX-9, or some 208,000, are either undocumented immigrants or live with an undocumented immigrant. Some 41,000 U.S. citizen children in TX-9 live with an undocumented parent, while some 7,000 U.S. citizen spouses are married to an undocumented immigrant. Some 50,000 undocumented individuals in TX-9 have lived in the U.S. for more than 10 years, with 32,000 of those living in the U.S. for more than 20 years.

Dreamers—undocumented immigrants who came to the U.S. as children before 2021 and are either in school or have graduated from high school—number 16,000 and contribute **\$386 million annually to TX-9's economy**. They also contribute \$48 million in state and local taxes each year. Some 3,000 are Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) recipients.

Temporary Protected Status (TPS) holders—immigrants who cannot safely return to their home countries—numbered 8,000 and contributed **\$146 million to TX-9's economy** in 2024. Meanwhile, an estimated 25,000 immigrants in TX-9 are waiting for a decision on their asylum claim, and contribute \$511 million to TX-9's economy annually.

Immigrant groups currently protected from deportation—DACA recipients, TPS holders, people seeking asylum, and those waiting for a permanent residency visa—have access to work authorizations, making up an estimated **22,000 workers in TX-9's labor force, and paying an estimated \$102 million annually in state and local taxes**.

\$8.5 billion

Annual spending power

\$2.6 billion

Annual combined taxes paid

27,000

Self-employed

30%

With college or advanced degrees

85%

Speak English

81%

Earn above the minimum needed to live